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Definitions of Managed Objects for the  
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol

Status of this Memo

This document specifies an Internet standards track protocol for the Internet community, and requests discussion and suggestions for improvements. Please refer to the current edition of the "Internet Official Protocol Standards" (STD 1) for the standardization state and status of this protocol. Distribution of this memo is unlimited.

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Abstract

This specification defines an extension to the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with SNMP-based network management. In particular, it defines objects for configuring, monitoring, and controlling routers that employ the Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) [17].

This memo specifies a MIB module in a manner that is compliant with SMIV2 [5], and semantically identical to the SMIV1 definitions [2].

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## 1. The SNMP Management Framework

The SNMP Management Framework presently consists of five major components:

- o An overall architecture, described in RFC 2571 [1].
- o Mechanisms for describing and naming objects and events for the purpose of management. The first version of this Structure of Management Information (SMI) is called SMIV1 and described in STD 16, RFC 1155 [2], STD 16, RFC 1212 [3] and RFC 1215 [4]. The second version, called SMIV2, is described in STD 58, RFC 2578 [5], STD 58, RFC 2579 [6] and STD 58, RFC 2580 [7].
- o Message protocols for transferring management information. The first version of the SNMP message protocol is called SNMPv1 and described in STD 15, RFC 1157 [8]. A second version of the SNMP message protocol, which is not an Internet standards track protocol, is called SNMPv2c and described in RFC 1901 [9] and RFC 1906 [10]. The third version of the message protocol is called SNMPv3 and described in RFC 1906 [10], RFC 2572 [11] and RFC 2574 [12].
- o Protocol operations for accessing management information. The first set of protocol operations and associated PDU formats is described in STD 15, RFC 1157 [8]. A second set of protocol operations and associated PDU formats is described in RFC 1905 [13].

- o A set of fundamental applications described in RFC 2573 [14] and the view-based access control mechanism described in RFC 2575 [15].

A more detailed introduction to the current SNMP Management Framework can be found in RFC 2570 [16].

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. Objects in the MIB are defined using the mechanisms defined in the SMI.

This memo specifies a MIB module that is compliant to the SMIV2. A MIB conforming to the SMIV1 can be produced through the appropriate translations. The resulting translated MIB must be semantically equivalent, except where objects or events are omitted because no translation is possible (use of Counter64). Some machine readable information in SMIV2 will be converted into textual descriptions in SMIV1 during the translation process. However, this loss of machine readable information is not considered to change the semantics of the MIB.

## 2. Overview

This memo identifies the set of objects for configuring, monitoring, and controlling the Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP), as defined in RFC 2338 [17].

VRRP specifies an election protocol that will allow one or more associated IP addresses to be assumed by another router in the event of a failure of the IP address(es) owner. Thus, IP traffic from a host using a failed router as a default gateway is transparently forwarded by the VRRP router that has assumed control. VRRP provides redundancy in routed networks without requiring configuration of dynamic routing or router discovery protocols on every end-host.

Since the VRRP protocol is intended for use with IPv4 routers only, this MIB uses the SYNTAX for IP addresses which is specific to IPv4. Thus, changes will be required for this MIB to interoperate in an IPv6 environment.

### 2.1. VRRP MIB Structure

The VRRP MIB contains three conformance groups:

- vrrpOperations Group: Objects related to VRRP router's configuration and control.
- vrrpStatistics Group: Objects containing information useful in monitoring the operation of VRRP routers.

- vrrpNotifications Group: Consists of objects and definitions for use in SNMP notifications sent by VRRP routers.

Tables in the MIB include the following:

- (1) The vrrpOperTable, which contains objects that define the operational characteristics of a VRRP router. Rows in this table correspond to instances of virtual routers.
- (2) The vrrpAssoIpAddrTable, which contains the addresses of the virtual router(s) that a given VRRP router is backing up.
- (3) The vrrpRouterStatsTable which contains the operating statistics for a VRRP router.

## 2.2. Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol

This MIB is based on the following characteristics of VRRP as defined in the VRRP specification [17].

- A "VRRP router" is one that is configured to run the VRRP protocol in conjunction with one or more other VRRP routers attached to a LAN.
- A VRRP router can be running one or more instances of a virtual router.
- A "virtual router" is an abstraction which consists of two or more physical routers associated by a Virtual Router Identifier (VRID).
- An instance of a virtual router (on a physical VRRP router), can be uniquely identified by a combination of the 'ifIndex' [18] and "Virtual Router Identifier" (VRID).
- For each VRID there is a set of one or more "associated IP addresses" that are backed-up by the virtual router.

## 2.3. VRRP MIB Table Design

The tables in the VRRP MIB are structured with the assumption that a VRRP network management application would likely be designed to display information or provide configuration about a VRRP router on a "per-virtual-router basis". Thus, the tables defined in the MIB consist of conceptual rows which are grouped in a manner to present a view of individual virtual routers with a minimal number of SNMP operations.

### 2.3.1. Relation to Interface Group (RFC 2233) [18].

Since a router can be participating in VRRP on one or more physical interfaces, "ifIndex" is used as an index into the tables defined in the VRRP MIB.

## 2.4. VRRP Scenarios

The following section provides examples of how some of the objects in this MIB are instantiated for two different VRRP scenarios.

KEY:  
----

The labels in the following tables and diagrams correspond to the actual MIB objects as follows:

```
if      = vrrpOperIfIndex
VrId    = vrrpOperVrId
State   = vrrpOperState
Prior   = vrrpOperPriority
AddrCnt = vrrpOperIpAddrCount
IpAddr  = vrrpOperMasterIpAddr
RowStat = vrrpOperRowStatus
```

### 2.4.1. VRRP Scenario #1

The following figure shows a simple network with two VRRP routers configured with two virtual routers. This sample topology is taken from the VRRP specification [17]. Addresses in '()' indicate the IP address of the default gateway for a given host, H1 - H4. In the diagram, "Interface" is used in the context defined in IF-MIB [18].



## vrrpAssoIpAddrTable

if	VrId	IP	RowStat
I1	01	A	active
I1	02	B	active

----- MIB Tables For VRRP Router "IP B": -----

## vrrpOperTable

if	VrId	State	Prior	AddrCnt	IpAddr	...	RowStat
I2	01	B	1-254	1	A	( )	active
I2	02	M	255	1	B	( )	active

## vrrpAssoIpAddrTable

if	VrId	IP	RowStat
I2	01	A	active
I2	02	B	active





----- MIB Tables For VRRP Router "IP A": -----

vrrpOperTable

```

-----
| if | VrId | State | Prior | AddrCnt | IpAddr | ... | RowStat |
+---+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+---+-----+
| I1 | 01   | M     | 255   | 2       | A      |   | active  |
+---+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+---+-----+
| I1 | 02   | B     | 1-254 | 1       | B      |   | active  |
+---+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+---+-----+

```

vrrpAssoIpAddrTable

```

-----
| if | VrId | IP | RowStat |
+---+-----+---+-----+
| I1 | 01   | A  | active  |
+---+-----+---+-----+
| I1 | 01   | C  | active  |
+---+-----+---+-----+
| I1 | 02   | B  | active  |
+---+-----+---+-----+

```

----- MIB Tables For VRRP Router "IP B": -----

vrrpOperTable

if	VrId	State	Prior	AddrCnt	IpAddr	...	RowStat
I2	01	B	1-254	2	A	( )	active
I2	02	M	255	1	B	( )	active

vrrpAssoIpAddrTable

if	VrId	IP	RowStat
I2	01	A	active
I2	01	C	active
I2	02	B	active

## 3. Definitions

```
VRRP-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
```

```
IMPORTS
```

```
MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE,
NOTIFICATION-TYPE, Counter32,
Integer32, IpAddress, mib-2          FROM SNMPv2-SMI
```

```
TEXTUAL-CONVENTION, RowStatus,
MacAddress, TruthValue, TimeStamp  FROM SNMPv2-TC
```

```
MODULE-COMPLIANCE, OBJECT-GROUP,
NOTIFICATION-GROUP                  FROM SNMPv2-CONF
ifIndex                             FROM IF-MIB;
```

```
vrrpMIB MODULE-IDENTITY
```

```
LAST-UPDATED "200003030000Z"
ORGANIZATION "IETF VRRP Working Group"
CONTACT-INFO
    "Brian R. Jewell
    Postal: Copper Mountain Networks, Inc.
           2470 Embarcadero Way
           Palo Alto, California 94303
    Tel:    +1 650 687 3367
    E-Mail: bjewell@coppermountain.com"
```

```
DESCRIPTION
```

```
"This MIB describes objects used for managing Virtual Router
Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) routers."
```

```
REVISION "200003030000Z" -- 03 Mar 2000
```

```
DESCRIPTION "Initial version as published in RFC 2787."
```

```
::= { mib-2 68 }
```

```
-- *****
-- Textual Conventions
-- *****
```

```
VrId ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
```

```
STATUS current
```

```
DESCRIPTION
```

```
"A number which, along with an interface index (ifIndex),
serves to uniquely identify a virtual router on a given VRRP
router. A set of one or more associated addresses is assigned
to a VRID."
```

```
SYNTAX Integer32 (1..255)
```

```

-- *****
-- VRRP MIB Groups
-- *****

vrrpOperations      OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { vrrpMIB 1 }
vrrpStatistics      OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { vrrpMIB 2 }
vrrpConformance     OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { vrrpMIB 3 }

-- *****
-- Start of MIB objects
-- *****

vrrpNodeVersion     OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX            Integer32
    MAX-ACCESS        read-only
    STATUS             current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This value identifies the particular version of the VRRP
        supported by this node."
    ::= { vrrpOperations 1 }

vrrpNotificationCntl OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX            INTEGER {
        enabled      (1),
        disabled     (2)
    }
    MAX-ACCESS        read-write
    STATUS             current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Indicates whether the VRRP-enabled router will generate
        SNMP traps for events defined in this MIB. 'Enabled'
        results in SNMP traps; 'disabled', no traps are sent."
    DEFVAL { enabled }
    ::= { vrrpOperations 2 }

-- *****
-- VRRP Operations Table
-- *****

vrrpOperTable       OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX            SEQUENCE OF VrrpOperEntry
    MAX-ACCESS        not-accessible
    STATUS             current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Operations table for a VRRP router which consists of a
        sequence (i.e., one or more conceptual rows) of
        'vrrpOperEntry' items."

```

```
::= { vrrpOperations 3 }
```

```
vrrpOperEntry OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SYNTAX      VrrpOperEntry
MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
STATUS      current
```

```
DESCRIPTION
```

"An entry in the vrrpOperTable containing the operational characteristics of a virtual router. On a VRRP router, a given virtual router is identified by a combination of the IF index and VRID.

Rows in the table cannot be modified unless the value of 'vrrpOperAdminState' is 'disabled' and the 'vrrpOperState' has transitioned to 'initialize'."

```
INDEX      { ifIndex, vrrpOperVrId }
::= { vrrpOperTable 1 }
```

```
VrrpOperEntry ::=
```

```
SEQUENCE {
    vrrpOperVrId
        VrId,
    vrrpOperVirtualMacAddr
        MacAddress,
    vrrpOperState
        INTEGER,
    vrrpOperAdminState
        INTEGER,
    vrrpOperPriority
        Integer32,
    vrrpOperIpAddrCount
        Integer32,
    vrrpOperMasterIpAddr
        IpAddress,
    vrrpOperPrimaryIpAddr
        IpAddress,
    vrrpOperAuthType
        INTEGER,
    vrrpOperAuthKey
        OCTET STRING,
    vrrpOperAdvertisementInterval
        Integer32,
    vrrpOperPreemptMode
        TruthValue,
    vrrpOperVirtualRouterUpTime
        TimeStamp,
    vrrpOperProtocol
```

```

        INTEGER,
        vrrpOperRowStatus
        RowStatus
    }

```

```

vrrpOperVrId OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      VrId
    MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This object contains the Virtual Router Identifier (VRID)."
```

::= { vrrpOperEntry 1 }

```

vrrpOperVirtualMacAddr OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      MacAddress
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The virtual MAC address of the virtual router. Although this
        object can be derived from the 'vrrpOperVrId' object, it is
        defined so that it is easily obtainable by a management
        application and can be included in VRRP-related SNMP traps."
```

::= { vrrpOperEntry 2 }

```

vrrpOperState OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      INTEGER {
        initialize(1),
        backup(2),
        master(3)
    }
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The current state of the virtual router. This object has
        three defined values:
```

- 'initialize', which indicates that all the virtual router is waiting for a startup event.
- 'backup', which indicates the virtual router is monitoring the availability of the master router.
- 'master', which indicates that the virtual router is forwarding packets for IP addresses that are associated with this router.

Setting the 'vrrpOperAdminState' object (below) initiates

transitions in the value of this object."  
 ::= { vrrpOperEntry 3 }

vrrpOperAdminState OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER {

up(1),  
 down(2)

}

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object will enable/disable the virtual router function. Setting the value to 'up', will transition the state of the virtual router from 'initialize' to 'backup' or 'master', depending on the value of 'vrrpOperPriority'. Setting the value to 'down', will transition the router from 'master' or 'backup' to 'initialize'. State transitions may not be immediate; they sometimes depend on other factors, such as the interface (IF) state.

The 'vrrpOperAdminState' object must be set to 'down' prior to modifying the other read-create objects in the conceptual row. The value of the 'vrrpOperRowStatus' object (below) must be 'active', signifying that the conceptual row is valid (i.e., the objects are correctly set), in order for this object to be set to 'up'."

DEFVAL { down }

::= { vrrpOperEntry 4 }

vrrpOperPriority OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32 (0..255)

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object specifies the priority to be used for the virtual router master election process. Higher values imply higher priority.

A priority of '0', although not settable, is sent by the master router to indicate that this router has ceased to participate in VRRP and a backup virtual router should transition to become a new master.

A priority of 255 is used for the router that owns the associated IP address(es)."

DEFVAL { 100 }

::= { vrrpOperEntry 5 }

```

vrrpOperIpAddrCount OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32 (0..255)
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The number of IP addresses that are associated with this
        virtual router. This number is equal to the number of rows
        in the vrrpAssoIpAddrTable that correspond to a given IF
        index/VRID pair."
    ::= { vrrpOperEntry 6 }

vrrpOperMasterIpAddr OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      IpAddress
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The master router's real (primary) IP address. This is
        the IP address listed as the source in VRRP advertisement
        last received by this virtual router."
    ::= { vrrpOperEntry 7 }

vrrpOperPrimaryIpAddr OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      IpAddress
    MAX-ACCESS  read-create
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "In the case where there is more than one IP address for
        a given 'ifIndex', this object is used to specify the IP
        address that will become the 'vrrpOperMasterIpAddr', should
        the virtual router transition from backup to master. If
        this object is set to 0.0.0.0, the IP address which is
        numerically lowest will be selected."
    DEFVAL      { '00000000'H } -- 0.0.0.0
    ::= { vrrpOperEntry 8 }

vrrpOperAuthType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      INTEGER {
        noAuthentication(1),      -- VRRP protocol exchanges are not
                                   -- authenticated.
        simpleTextPassword(2),   -- Exchanges are authenticated by a
                                   -- clear text password.
        ipAuthenticationHeader(3) -- Exchanges are authenticated using
                                   -- the IP authentication header.
    }
    MAX-ACCESS  read-create
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION

```



"Authentication type used for VRRP protocol exchanges between virtual routers. This value of this object is the same for a given ifIndex.

New enumerations to this list can only be added via a new RFC on the standards track."

```
DEFVAL      { noAuthentication }
 ::= { vrrpOperEntry 9 }
```

vrrpOperAuthKey OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX      OCTET STRING (SIZE (0..16))
MAX-ACCESS  read-create
STATUS      current
```

DESCRIPTION

"The Authentication Key. This object is set according to the value of the 'vrrpOperAuthType' object ('simpleTextPassword' or 'ipAuthenticationHeader'). If the length of the value is less than 16 octets, the agent will left adjust and zero fill to 16 octets. The value of this object is the same for a given ifIndex.

When read, vrrpOperAuthKey always returns an Octet String of length zero."

```
::= { vrrpOperEntry 10 }
```

vrrpOperAdvertisementInterval OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..255)
UNITS       "seconds"
MAX-ACCESS  read-create
STATUS      current
```

DESCRIPTION

"The time interval, in seconds, between sending advertisement messages. Only the master router sends VRRP advertisements."

```
DEFVAL      { 1 }
 ::= { vrrpOperEntry 11 }
```

vrrpOperPreemptMode OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX      TruthValue
MAX-ACCESS  read-create
STATUS      current
```

DESCRIPTION

"Controls whether a higher priority virtual router will preempt a lower priority master."

```
DEFVAL      { true }
 ::= { vrrpOperEntry 12 }
```

vrrpOperVirtualRouterUpTime OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX      TimeStamp
MAX-ACCESS  read-only
STATUS      current
```

## DESCRIPTION

"This is the value of the 'sysUpTime' object when this virtual router (i.e., the 'vrrpOperState') transitioned out of 'initialized'."

```
::= { vrrpOperEntry 13 }
```

## vrrpOperProtocol OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX      INTEGER {
    ip (1),
    bridge (2),
    decnet (3),
    other (4)
}
```

```
MAX-ACCESS  read-create
```

```
STATUS      current
```

## DESCRIPTION

"The particular protocol being controlled by this Virtual Router.

New enumerations to this list can only be added via a new RFC on the standards track."

```
DEFVAL { ip }
```

```
::= { vrrpOperEntry 14 }
```

## vrrpOperRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX      RowStatus
```

```
MAX-ACCESS  read-create
```

```
STATUS      current
```

## DESCRIPTION

"The row status variable, used in accordance to installation and removal conventions for conceptual rows. The rowstatus of a currently active row in the vrrpOperTable is constrained by the operational state of the corresponding virtual router. When 'vrrpOperRowStatus' is set to active(1), no other objects in the conceptual row, with the exception of 'vrrpOperAdminState', can be modified. Prior to setting the 'vrrpOperRowStatus' object from 'active' to a different value, the 'vrrpOperAdminState' object must be set to 'down' and the 'vrrpOperState' object be transitioned to 'initialize'.

To create a row in this table, a manager sets this object to either createAndGo(4) or createAndWait(5). Until instances of all corresponding columns are appropriately configured, the value of the corresponding instance of the 'vrrpOperRowStatus' column will be read as notReady(3).

In particular, a newly created row cannot be made active(1) until (minimally) the corresponding instance of 'vrrpOperVrId' has been set and there is at least one active row in the 'vrrpAssoIpAddrTable' defining an associated IP address for the virtual router."

```
::= { vrrpOperEntry 15 }
```

```
-- *****
-- VRRP Associated IP Address Table
-- *****
```

```
vrrpAssoIpAddrTable OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF VrrpAssoIpAddrEntry
```

```
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
```

```
STATUS current
```

```
DESCRIPTION
```

"The table of addresses associated with this virtual router."

```
::= { vrrpOperations 4 }
```

```
vrrpAssoIpAddrEntry OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SYNTAX VrrpAssoIpAddrEntry
```

```
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
```

```
STATUS current
```

```
DESCRIPTION
```

"An entry in the table contains an IP address that is associated with a virtual router. The number of rows for a given ifIndex and VrId will equal the number of IP addresses associated (e.g., backed up) by the virtual router (equivalent to 'vrrpOperIpAddrCount')."

Rows in the table cannot be modified unless the value of 'vrrpOperAdminState' is 'disabled' and the 'vrrpOperState' has transitioned to 'initialize'."

```
INDEX { ifIndex, vrrpOperVrId, vrrpAssoIpAddr }
```

```
::= { vrrpAssoIpAddrTable 1 }
```

```
VrrpAssoIpAddrEntry ::=
```

```
SEQUENCE {
```

```
    vrrpAssoIpAddr
```

```
    IpAddress,
```

```
    vrrpAssoIpAddrRowStatus
```

```
    RowStatus
```

```
}
```

```
vrrpAssoIpAddr OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SYNTAX IpAddress
```

```

MAX-ACCESS    not-accessible
STATUS        current
DESCRIPTION
    "The assigned IP addresses that a virtual router is
    responsible for backing up."
 ::= { vrrpAssoIpAddrEntry 1 }

```

vrrpAssoIpAddrRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE

```

SYNTAX        RowStatus
MAX-ACCESS    read-create
STATUS        current
DESCRIPTION
    "The row status variable, used according to installation
    and removal conventions for conceptual rows. Setting this
    object to active(1) or createAndGo(4) results in the
    addition of an associated address for a virtual router.
    Destroying the entry or setting it to notInService(2)
    removes the associated address from the virtual router.
    The use of other values is implementation-dependent."
 ::= { vrrpAssoIpAddrEntry 2 }

```

```

-- *****
-- VRRP Router Statistics
-- *****

```

vrrpRouterChecksumErrors OBJECT-TYPE

```

SYNTAX        Counter32
MAX-ACCESS    read-only
STATUS        current
DESCRIPTION
    "The total number of VRRP packets received with an invalid
    VRRP checksum value."
 ::= { vrrpStatistics 1 }

```

vrrpRouterVersionErrors OBJECT-TYPE

```

SYNTAX        Counter32
MAX-ACCESS    read-only
STATUS        current
DESCRIPTION
    "The total number of VRRP packets received with an unknown
    or unsupported version number."
 ::= { vrrpStatistics 2 }

```

vrrpRouterVrIdErrors OBJECT-TYPE

```

SYNTAX        Counter32
MAX-ACCESS    read-only
STATUS        current

```

## DESCRIPTION

"The total number of VRRP packets received with an invalid VRID for this virtual router."

```
::= { vrrpStatistics 3 }
```

```
-- *****
-- VRRP Router Statistics Table
-- *****
```

## vrrpRouterStatsTable OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX          SEQUENCE OF VrrpRouterStatsEntry
```

```
MAX-ACCESS      not-accessible
```

```
STATUS          current
```

## DESCRIPTION

"Table of virtual router statistics."

```
::= { vrrpStatistics 4 }
```

## vrrpRouterStatsEntry OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX          VrrpRouterStatsEntry
```

```
MAX-ACCESS      not-accessible
```

```
STATUS          current
```

## DESCRIPTION

"An entry in the table, containing statistics information about a given virtual router."

```
AUGMENTS       { vrrpOperEntry }
```

```
::= { vrrpRouterStatsTable 1 }
```

## VrrpRouterStatsEntry ::=

```
SEQUENCE {
```

```
  vrrpStatsBecomeMaster
```

```
    Counter32,
```

```
  vrrpStatsAdvertiseRcvd
```

```
    Counter32,
```

```
  vrrpStatsAdvertiseIntervalErrors
```

```
    Counter32,
```

```
  vrrpStatsAuthFailures
```

```
    Counter32,
```

```
  vrrpStatsIpTtlErrors
```

```
    Counter32,
```

```
  vrrpStatsPriorityZeroPktsRcvd
```

```
    Counter32,
```

```
  vrrpStatsPriorityZeroPktsSent
```

```
    Counter32,
```

```
  vrrpStatsInvalidTypePktsRcvd
```

```
    Counter32,
```

```
  vrrpStatsAddressListErrors
```

```
    Counter32,
```

```
  vrrpStatsInvalidAuthType
```

```
        Counter32,
    vrrpStatsAuthTypeMismatch
        Counter32,
    vrrpStatsPacketLengthErrors
        Counter32
}

vrrpStatsBecomeMaster OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The total number of times that this virtual router's state
        has transitioned to MASTER."
    ::= { vrrpRouterStatsEntry 1 }

vrrpStatsAdvertiseRcvd OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The total number of VRRP advertisements received by this
        virtual router."
    ::= { vrrpRouterStatsEntry 2 }

vrrpStatsAdvertiseIntervalErrors OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The total number of VRRP advertisement packets received
        for which the advertisement interval is different than the
        one configured for the local virtual router."
    ::= { vrrpRouterStatsEntry 3 }

vrrpStatsAuthFailures OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The total number of VRRP packets received that do not pass
        the authentication check."
    ::= { vrrpRouterStatsEntry 4 }

vrrpStatsIpTtlErrors OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      current
```

## DESCRIPTION

"The total number of VRRP packets received by the virtual router with IP TTL (Time-To-Live) not equal to 255."

::= { vrrpRouterStatsEntry 5 }

## vrrpStatsPriorityZeroPktsRcvd OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

## DESCRIPTION

"The total number of VRRP packets received by the virtual router with a priority of '0'."

::= { vrrpRouterStatsEntry 6 }

## vrrpStatsPriorityZeroPktsSent OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

## DESCRIPTION

"The total number of VRRP packets sent by the virtual router with a priority of '0'."

::= { vrrpRouterStatsEntry 7 }

## vrrpStatsInvalidTypePktsRcvd OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

## DESCRIPTION

"The number of VRRP packets received by the virtual router with an invalid value in the 'type' field."

::= { vrrpRouterStatsEntry 8 }

## vrrpStatsAddressListErrors OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

## DESCRIPTION

"The total number of packets received for which the address list does not match the locally configured list for the virtual router."

::= { vrrpRouterStatsEntry 9 }

## vrrpStatsInvalidAuthType OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

## DESCRIPTION

"The total number of packets received with an unknown

```

        authentication type."
 ::= { vrrpRouterStatsEntry 10 }

vrrpStatsAuthTypeMismatch OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The total number of packets received with 'Auth Type' not
        equal to the locally configured authentication method
        ('vrrpOperAuthType')."
 ::= { vrrpRouterStatsEntry 11 }

vrrpStatsPacketLengthErrors OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The total number of packets received with a packet length
        less than the length of the VRRP header."
 ::= { vrrpRouterStatsEntry 12 }

-- *****
-- Trap Definitions
-- *****

vrrpNotifications    OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { vrrpMIB 0 }

vrrpTrapPacketSrc OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      IpAddress
    MAX-ACCESS  accessible-for-notify
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The IP address of an inbound VRRP packet. Used by
        vrrpTrapAuthFailure trap."
 ::= { vrrpOperations 5 }

vrrpTrapAuthErrorType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      INTEGER {
        invalidAuthType (1),
        authTypeMismatch (2),
        authFailure (3)
    }
    MAX-ACCESS  accessible-for-notify
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Potential types of configuration conflicts.
        Used by vrrpAuthFailure trap."

```



```
 ::= { vrrpOperations 6 }
```

```
vrrpTrapNewMaster NOTIFICATION-TYPE
  OBJECTS      { vrrpOperMasterIpAddr
                }
  STATUS       current
  DESCRIPTION
    "The newMaster trap indicates that the sending agent
     has transitioned to 'Master' state."
  ::= { vrrpNotifications 1 }
```

```
vrrpTrapAuthFailure NOTIFICATION-TYPE
  OBJECTS      { vrrpTrapPacketSrc,
                vrrpTrapAuthErrorType
                }
  STATUS       current
  DESCRIPTION
    "A vrrpAuthFailure trap signifies that a packet has
     been received from a router whose authentication key
     or authentication type conflicts with this router's
     authentication key or authentication type. Implementation
     of this trap is optional."
  ::= { vrrpNotifications 2 }
```

```
-- *****
-- Conformance Information
-- *****
```

```
vrrpMIBCompliances OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { vrrpConformance 1 }
vrrpMIBGroups      OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { vrrpConformance 2 }
```

```
-- .....
-- Compliance Statements
-- .....
```

```
vrrpMIBCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
    "The core compliance statement for all VRRP implementations."
  MODULE -- this module
  MANDATORY-GROUPS {
    vrrpOperGroup,
    vrrpStatsGroup
  }
  OBJECT      vrrpOperPriority
  WRITE-SYNTAX Integer32 (1..255)
  DESCRIPTION "SETable values are from 1 to 255."
```

```

 ::= { vrrpMIBCompliances 1 }

-- .....
-- Conformance Groups
-- .....

vrrpOperGroup OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS {
    vrrpNodeVersion,
    vrrpNotificationCntl,
    vrrpOperVirtualMacAddr,
    vrrpOperState,
    vrrpOperAdminState,
    vrrpOperPriority,
    vrrpOperIpAddrCount,
    vrrpOperMasterIpAddr,
    vrrpOperPrimaryIpAddr,
    vrrpOperAuthType,
    vrrpOperAuthKey,
    vrrpOperAdvertisementInterval,
    vrrpOperPreemptMode,
    vrrpOperVirtualRouterUpTime,
    vrrpOperProtocol,
    vrrpOperRowStatus,
    vrrpAssoIpAddrRowStatus
  }
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
    "Conformance group for VRRP operations."
  ::= { vrrpMIBGroups 1 }

vrrpStatsGroup OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS {
    vrrpRouterChecksumErrors,
    vrrpRouterVersionErrors,
    vrrpRouterVrIdErrors,
    vrrpStatsBecomeMaster,
    vrrpStatsAdvertiseRcvd,
    vrrpStatsAdvertiseIntervalErrors,
    vrrpStatsAuthFailures,
    vrrpStatsIpTtlErrors,
    vrrpStatsPriorityZeroPktsRcvd,
    vrrpStatsPriorityZeroPktsSent,
    vrrpStatsInvalidTypePktsRcvd,
    vrrpStatsAddressListErrors,
    vrrpStatsInvalidAuthType,
    vrrpStatsAuthTypeMismatch,
    vrrpStatsPacketLengthErrors
  }

```

```

    }
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Conformance group for VRRP statistics."
    ::= { vrrpMIBGroups 2 }

vrrpTrapGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
        vrrpTrapPacketSrc,
        vrrpTrapAuthErrorType
    }
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Conformance group for objects contained in VRRP notifications."
    ::= { vrrpMIBGroups 3 }

vrrpNotificationGroup NOTIFICATION-GROUP
    NOTIFICATIONS {
        vrrpTrapNewMaster,
        vrrpTrapAuthFailure
    }
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The VRRP MIB Notification Group."
    ::= { vrrpMIBGroups 4 }

```

END

#### 4. Security Considerations

There are a number of management objects defined in this MIB that have a MAX-ACCESS clause of read-write or read-create. Such objects may be considered sensitive or vulnerable to security attacks in some networking environments. The support for SET operations in a non-secure environment without proper protection can have a negative effect on VRRP router operations.

A number of objects in the vrrpOperTable possess the read-create attribute. Manipulation of these objects is capable of affecting the operation of a virtual router.

Specific examples of this include, but are not limited to:

- o The vrrpOperAdminState object which could be used to disable a virtual router.
- o The vrrpOperPrimaryIpAddr object which, if compromised, could allow assignment of an invalid IP address to a master router.

- o The authentication type/key related objects which could potentially render the VRRP security mechanisms ineffective.

Of additional concern is the ability to disable the transmission of traps. This would nullify the capability of a virtual router to provide notification in the event of an authentication failure.

SNMPv1 by itself is not a secure environment. Even if the network itself is secure (for example by using IPSec), even then, there is no control as to who on the secure network is allowed to access and GET/SET (read/change/create/delete) the objects in this MIB.

It is recommended that the implementers consider the security features as provided by the SNMPv3 framework. Specifically, the use of the User-based Security Model RFC 2574 [RFC2574] and the View-based Access Control Model RFC 2575 [RFC2575] is recommended.

It is then a customer/user responsibility to ensure that the SNMP entity giving access to an instance of this MIB, is properly configured to give access to the objects only to those principals (users) that have legitimate rights to indeed GET or SET (change/create/delete) them.

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